## **RECOUNTING AND NARRATING TEXTS** – TEXT FORMS AND FEATURES

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	Level 6	Level 7	Level 8	Level 9	Level 10	Level 11	Level 12	Level 13	Level 14
Recount/ narrative retell Sequences pictures of known story or a familiar activity.	Recount/ narrative retell Draws pictures of a setting and a sequence of events. Retells known story/ event by naming visuals.	Recount/ narrative retell Orally retells events, supported by visuals and includes a brief orientation of who, what, where, when. Relying heavily on models, attempts to write a brief personal recount, containing a time phrase as orientation and a few simple events. Attempts a simple retell of a story drawing 3 pictures and giving 3 simple clauses/ fragments to represent the beginning, middle and end	Recount/ narrative retell With support of photos, pictures and/or own drawings, recounts personal events. Writes simple statements of observation in science; or retells well known stories. Includes a simple orientation, beginning with a formulaic circumstance of time (eg On the weekend; On Saturday) and organises events according to time.	Recount/ narrative retell Begins retell of narrative with a circumstance of time (eg One day; Once upon a time) and starts to add some detail to orientation. Occasionally adds a brief reorientation	Recount Adds a brief evaluation in personal recounts. Writes simple procedural recounts of steps in a process in sequence and simple observational recounts over a series of days/ weeks. Begins to construct elementary historical recounts, drawing pictures, and annotating simple timelines or web diagrams. Uses 2–3 circumstances	Recount Independently composes personal recounts with: an orientation; some details of events in logical order; and some comment or elaborated evaluation of events. Sequences historical events in a simple timeline. Mostly orients the reader to time and/or place at key stages of a text and begins to	Recount Independently composes personal and procedural recounts as part of macro- genres (eg investigations) with more detailed elaboration of events. With support of scaffolding questions, composes simple biographical recounts with detailed descriptions of events. Orients reader to time and/or place at key stages of a text. Mostly begins new paragraphs for change of time/ place.	Biographical and historical recount Provides basic background information in the opening to orient the reader to the topic. Sequences events in chronological order with detailed description.	Biographical and historical recount Composes longer texts describing different experiences of people and the significance of people and events in bringing about change. Opens with a more detailed introduction that provides background information and foreshadows significance. Ends with a simple conclusion that reorients to the topic and its significance. Incorporates appropriate multimodal	Biographical and historical recount Composes more detailed, longer texts that recount a series of events accompanied by multimodal elements with: a developed introduction that orients the reader well, foreshadowing significance of events/person. Uses clear paragraph openers that guide reader through. Provides some summative commentary and/or reflection and evaluation to end.	Biographical and historical recount Composes detailed, longer texts that recount a series of events from a particular personal or cultural perspective accompanied by multimodal elements. Significance of events are indicated	Biographical and historical recount Composes detailed, longer texts that recount a series of events from a particular personal or cultural perspective with multimodal elements and effective reference to the significance of events and/ or judgements of individual's qualities throughout with a clear commentary and/or reflection and evaluation to end.	Biographical and historical recount Composes detailed, long texts that reflectively recount even from a particu personal or cultural perspective; strategically selecting, describing an elaborating events and/or individual's qualities to provide 'authoritative' comments or immediate an longer-term impacts of the events/and or individuals.
		of the story.				with a clear, though simple, orientation and complication (problem to be solved), leading to a series of events to come to an ending, not necessarily	narratives with distinguishable storylines and some events closely related to the resolution	a sense of setting and characterisation.	than one complication and develops some sense of setting and	emerges through descriptions, actions, speech,	eg incorporates complication and orientation in first stage; and/ or composes effective short	narratives using variations with greater	Narrative Composes narratives that play with language to evocatively create atmosphere and manipula conventions portray multi characters/ narrative viewpoints an or to articula a complex is: or idea and/c subvert reade expectation.



