

Our Children Our Communities Our Future

Using data to help children thrive

Eyre Peninsula – Southern Eyre including Port Lincoln, Tumby Bay & Cummins

27 September 2023

This presentation uses data from the Australian Early Development Census (AEDC). The AEDC is funded by the Australian Government Department of Education. The findings and views reported are those of the author and should not be attributed to the Department or the Australian Government.

Acknowledgement of Country

We acknowledge the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people as the Traditional Owners of this country throughout Australia.

We recognise and respect their enduring and deep spiritual connection and relationship to their land, waters, community, and Country.

We pay our respects to Elders past and present and to the children who are our leaders of tomorrow.

Part 1 – Setting the scene

Part 2 – About the AEDC

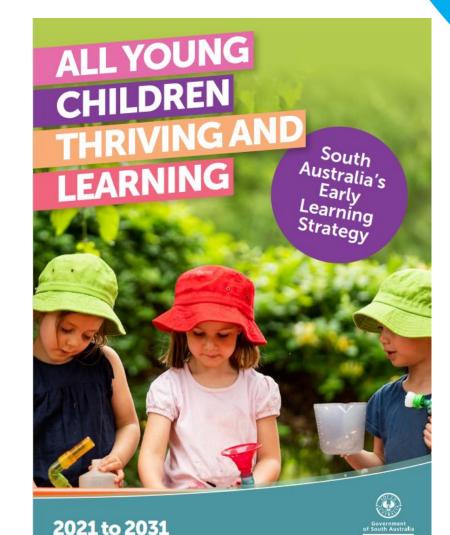
Part 3 - Looking at the data and research

Part 4 – Connecting with community



Part 1 Setting the scene

- Nearly 1 in 4 children being developmentally vulnerable when they start school in South Australia
- We all want to see children developing well, learning and thriving in our local communities.
- The Department's <u>Early Learning Strategy 2021 2031</u> has a focus on supporting communities to develop **responsive** and **evidence informed** local programs to improve early childhood development outcomes.
- Our challenge is to consider the AEDC trends for our local communities in our policy and planning to:
 - improve balance between universal and targeted service provision,
 - build local stakeholder partnerships,
 - reduce barriers to access services, and
 - increase reach of early intervention approaches.



The Royal Commission into Early Childhood Education and Care

Final Report released in August 2023

• 43 recommendations, focusing on three key areas.

Recommendation 1:

A long-term ambition to help South Australia's children thrive

That the State Government sets a twenty-year goal to reduce the rate of South Australian children entering school developmentally vulnerable, as measured by the Australian Early Development Census, from the current rate of 23.8 per cent to 15 per cent.

Government of South Australia response to final report recommendations is available



Royal Commission into Early Childhood Education and Care

REPORT

South Australia August 2023



Why focus on the early years?

Return on investment

Investing time, effort and resources in the early years brings lifelong benefits to children and the whole community.

Brain development in children:

- A child's brain develops in response to both genes and the environment.
- While genes provide the initial map for development, it is the experiences and relationships that literally shape the brains of babies and children.
- Significant 'wiring' occurs during the first years of a child's life and this effectively programs child development.

We know that:

- Brain development is vulnerable to toxic stress (depending on length and number of stressors for the child)
- Families have an extremely important ongoing influence on children's development.
- The community and service environments in which children and families interact also play a key role in supporting optimal development

SA Outcomes Framework for Children and Young People

Dimension	Outcome
1: Health	physically, mentally and emotionally healthy
2: Safety	safe and nurtured
3: Wellbeing	happy, inspired and engaged
4: Education	successful learners
5: Citizenship	participate actively in society

To progress the vision of South Australia being a state where the conditions exist for all children and young people to thrive, the framework is organised around a Charter for Children and Young People and 5 key life dimensions.

'Every State Authority must, in carrying out its functions or exercising its powers, have regard to, and seek to give effect to, the Outcomes Framework.'

Note: The development of this framework was guided by the Children and Young People (Oversight and Advocacy Bodies) Act 2016 (Act) and the Children and Young People (Oversight and Advocacy Bodies) Regulations 2017 (Regulations)

Outcomes Framework for Children and Young People (childrensa.sa.gov.au)

Making a difference

It takes a range of stakeholders across our communities to provide the environments, services and conditions most needed by families for their children to thrive

Children do better when families:

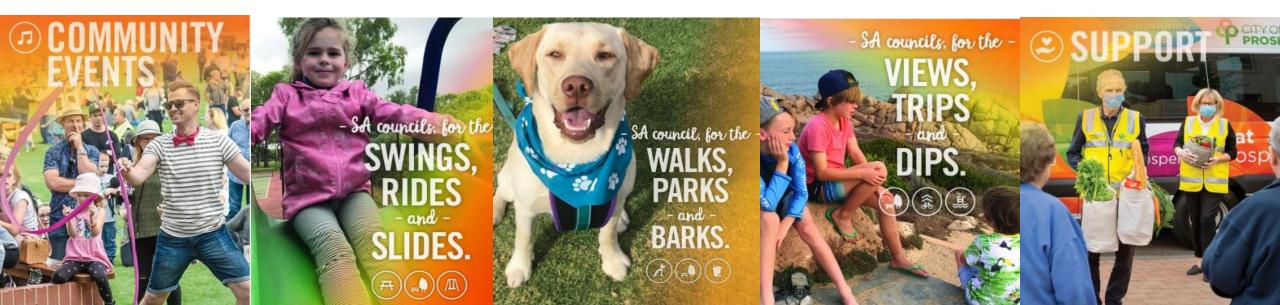
- Engage with quality early learning programs and experiences
- Provide responsive and positive caregiving
- Provide security and safety
- Provide quality nutrition and healthy routines
- Connect with other families in their community
- Access services when needed

Some factors that can help families:

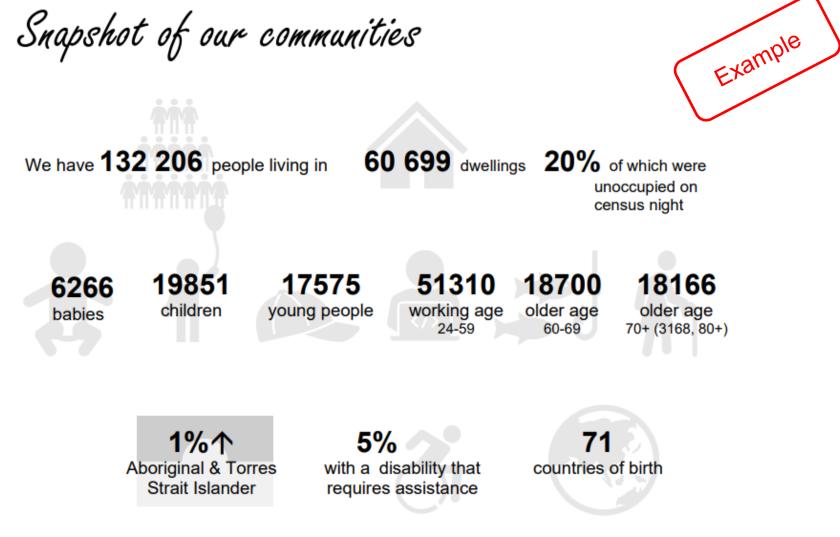
- Community and government collaboration
- Healthy environments and access to transport and green spaces
- Connected and integrated services
- Accessible information about services
- Appropriate service locations, operational hours, type and costs
- Communities supporting social connection
- Employment and income
- Affordable safe housing



Future proofing communities



Data for informing health and wellbeing planning



Part 2 About the AEDC

What is the AEDC?

- Nationwide census
- Snapshot of children's development in their first year of full-time school
- Data collected every 3 years since 2009
- Teacher completed instrument (100 questions)
- Schools and children in 3 education sectors
- Collects data on 5 developmental domains
- Validated for use with Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children



In 2021, 20,259 (97.8%) children from 601 schools took part, the highest child participation rate to date in SA



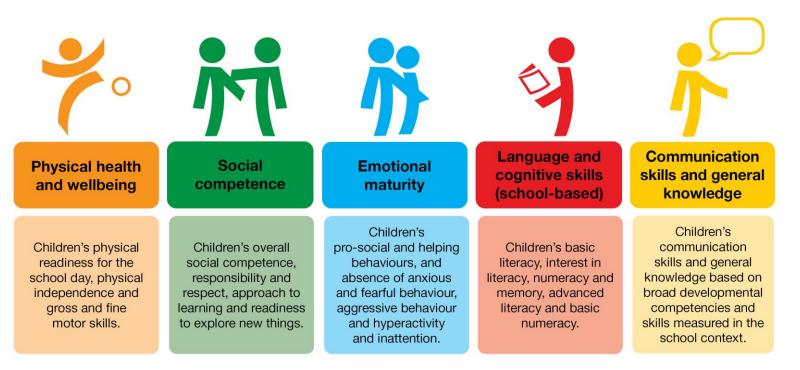
Why is the AEDC important?

The AEDC:

- is the most comprehensive collection of its kind in the world
- provides a snapshot of children's early development in their first 5 years
- data can help identify what is working well and areas for improvement
- helps governments, communities and support services improve understanding of how to best support children and families
- provides vital information to help shape the future and wellbeing of our children

Global	 <u>Sustainable development goals</u> <u>UNICEF Rights of the Child</u>
National	 <u>Closing the Gap</u> – 55% on track by 2031 Early childhood policy and data linkage research
State	 <u>SA Royal Commission into ECEC</u> <u>SA Outcomes Framework for Children and Young People</u> <u>State Public Health Plan</u> <u>Early Learning Strategy</u>
Local Government	 <u>Regional Public Health Plan</u> Strategic plan & Accountability plans
Community	 Community services policy and service provision Partnership approaches in response to AEDC results
ECEC & schools	 <u>Department for Education Strategic Plan</u> ECEC and school improvement planning, programs and policies

AEDC Domains



Summary indicators	Meaning
OT5	Developmentally on track on five domains
DV1	Developmentally vulnerable on one or more domain(s)
DV2	Developmentally vulnerable on two or more domains

AEDC indicators

- For each domain, children receive a score from 0 to 10
- Using 2009 data, cut-offs (0-10) were set to define 3 categories of development for each domain:
 - **Developmentally vulnerable** (below 10th percentile)
 - **Developmentally at risk** (10th to 25th percentile)
 - **Developmentally on track (**above 25th percentile)
- The cut-offs (0-10 scale) are fixed over time, this allows us to track changes in the % of children who are developmentally on track, at risk and vulnerable on each domain for successive cohorts of children

Our vision – all SA children start school on track

A child who is 'on track' as measured by the AEDC:

- physically copes with their school day
- is independent and confident
- has excellent motor skills
- works and plays well with others
- follows routines and concentrates
- helps others
- is calm, kind and thoughtful
- can read and write simple sentences
- can count, recognise shapes and do math
- communicates and expresses themselves well, tells stories



Part 3 Looking at the data and research

Australia and the AEDC



The number of children included in the AEDC has increased over the years, from over 260,000 in 2009 children to over 305,000 in 2021

In total, around 1.5 million children were included over the last 5 cycles

Research tells us

AEDC results can be **predicted by**:

- Perinatal indicators
- Preschool attendance
- Playgroup attendance
- Child protection contacts

AEDC results can **predict**:

- NAPLAN
- Academic achievements
- Wellbeing
- Life course outcomes

If a child attends **playgroup** or **preschool** they are less likely to be measured as developmentally vulnerable on 1 or more or 2 or more domains

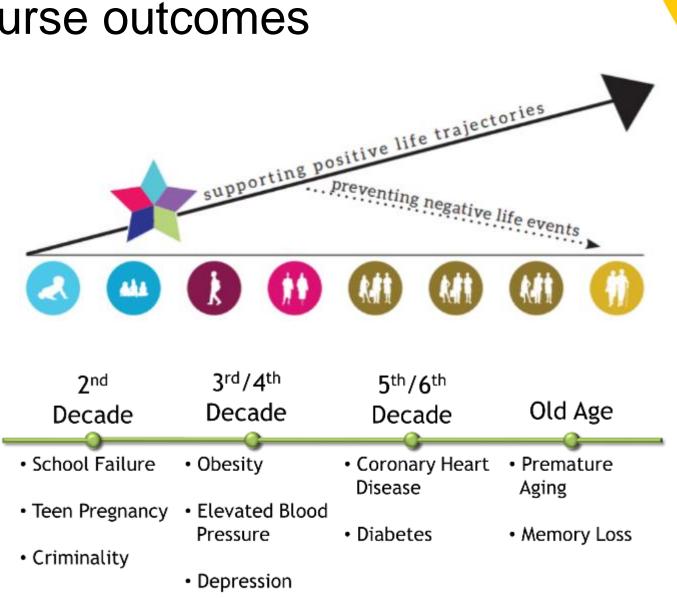
If a child experiences **out of home care** (Child Protection System) they are 3 times more likely to be measured as developmentally vulnerable on 1 or more domains as they start school and to perform poorly in Year 3 NAPLAN

If a child is measured as developmentally vulnerable on 1 or more domains at the time they start school, they are 2 times more likely to score in the bottom 20% of students completing NAPLAN

AEDC predicts Life course outcomes

Research tells us:

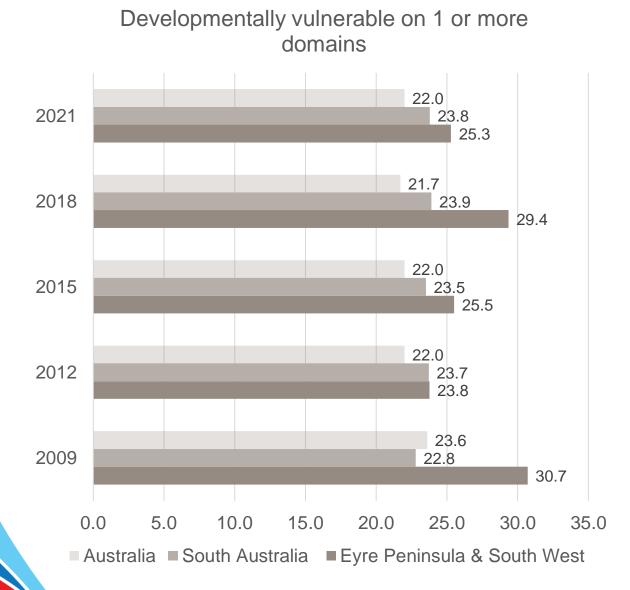
- Early intervention and the prevention of developmental vulnerability leads to improved outcomes in health, wellbeing and academic success.
- Children that are developmentally 'on track' are more likely to experience a positive life trajectory, reducing negative events.



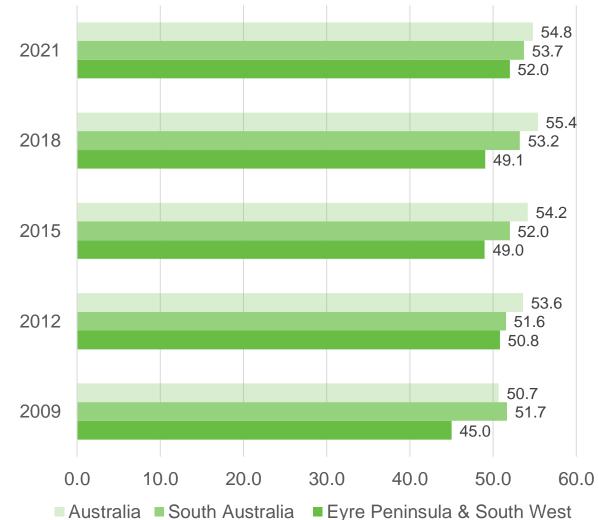
Source: Hertzman 2011

Relevant link: <u>The impact of socio-economics and school readiness for life course educational trajectories</u> <u>Measuring in support of early childhood development</u>

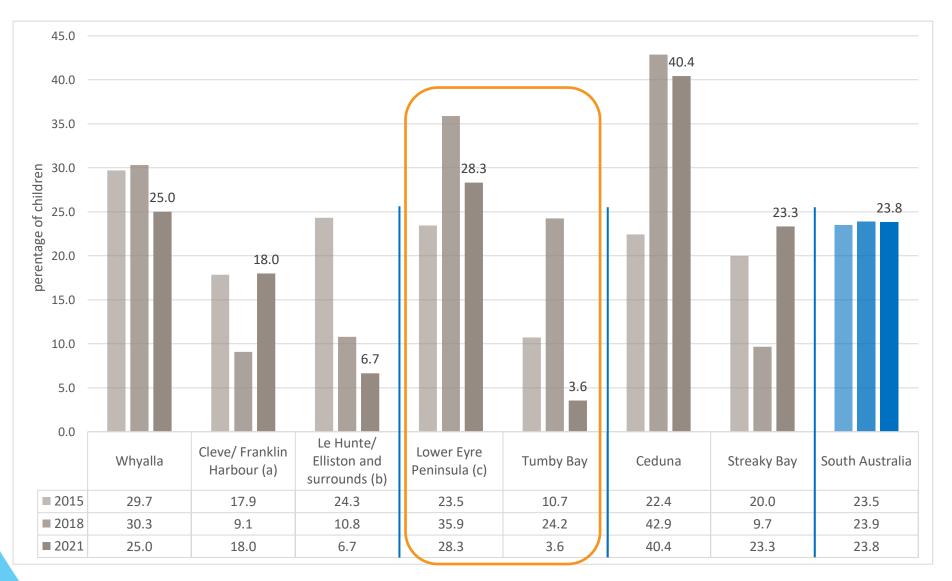
National, SA and Eyre Peninsula summary indicators



Developmentally 'on track' across all five domains



% children developmentally vulnerable on 1 or more domains



(a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results

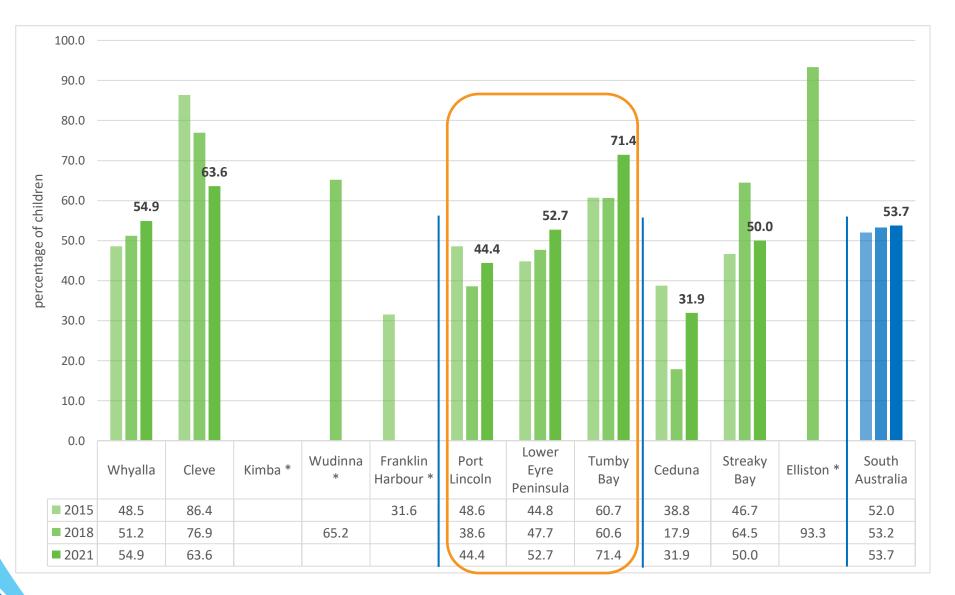
(b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results

(c) Lower Eyre Peninsula: includes Port Lincoln results

Community	No children 2021*
Whyalla	66
Cleve/ Franklin Harbour	9
Le Hunte/ Elliston and surrounds	2
Lower Eyre Peninsula	66
Tumby Bay	1
Ceduna	19
Streaky Bay	7

* Number of children developmentally vulnerable on 1 or more domains

% children developmentally on track on all 5 domains



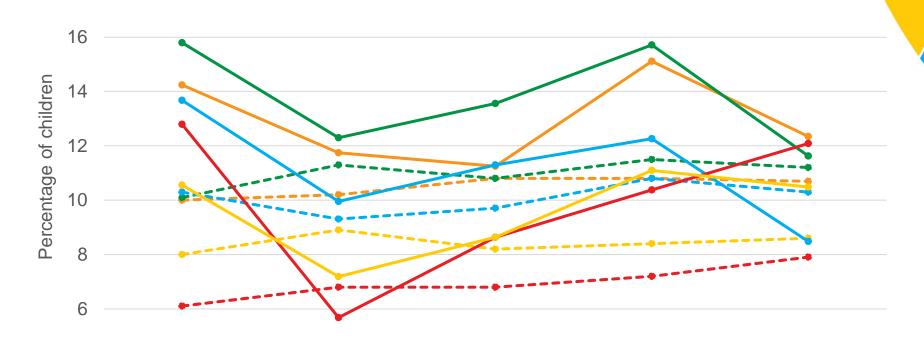
Local Government Area	No children 2021**
Whyalla	145
Cleve	14
Kimba *	-
Wudinna *	-
Franklin Harbour *	-
Port Lincoln	79
Lower Eyre Peninsula	29
Tumby Bay	20
Ceduna	15
Streaky Bay	15
Elliston *	-

Source: <u>AEDC Public tables by LGA</u>

* Data is not reported due to suppression rules

% children developmentally vulnerable by domain

(South Australia (SA) and SA2 Eyre Peninsula & South West (EP & SW))

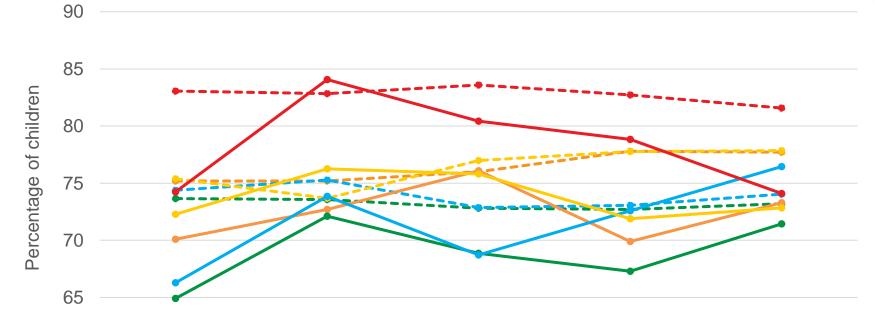


4	2009	2012	2015	2018	2021
SA - Physical health and wellbeing	10	10.2	10.8	10.8	10.7
SA - Social competence	10.1	11.3	10.8	11.5	11.2
SA - Emotional maturity	10.3	9.3	9.7	10.8	10.3
SA - Language and cognitive skills (school based)	6.1	6.8	6.8	7.2	7.9
SA - Communication skills and general knowledge	8	8.9	8.2	8.4	8.6
EP & SW - Physical health and wellbeing	14.2	11.7	11.2	15.1	12.3
EP & SW - Social competence	15.8	12.3	13.6	15.7	11.6
EP & SW - Emotional maturity	13.7	10.0	11.3	12.3	8.5
EP & SW - Language and cognitive skills (school based)	12.8	5.7	8.6	10.4	12.1
EP & SW - Communication skills and general knowledge	10.6	7.2	8.6	11.1	10.5

Source: SA2 AEDC Public Table

% children developmentally on track by domain

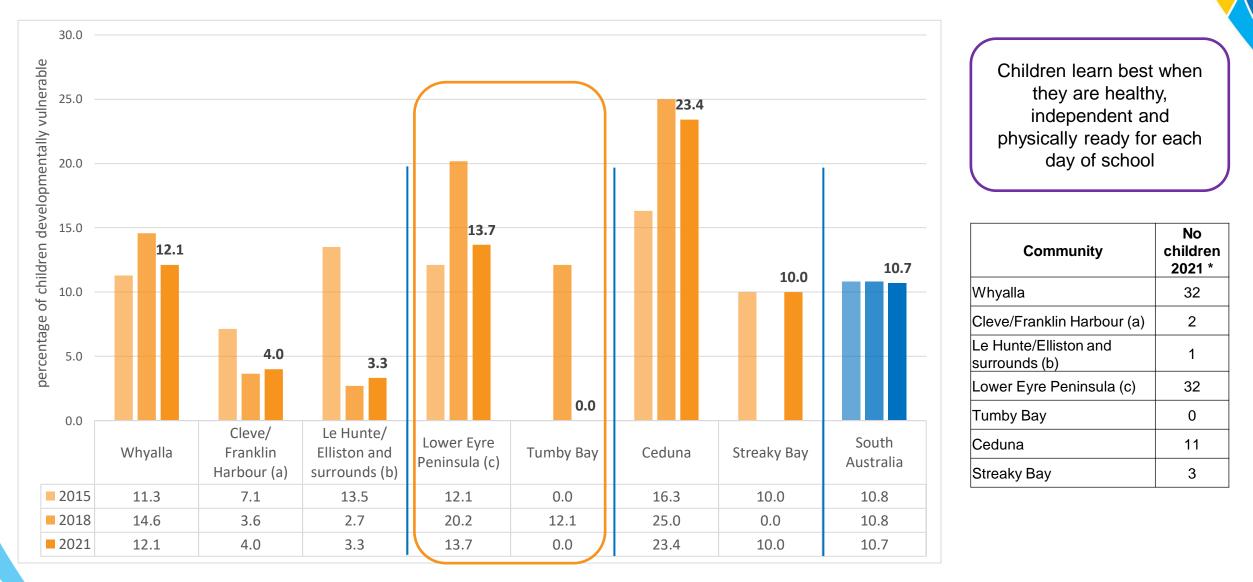
(South Australia (SA) and SA2 Eyre Peninsula & South West (EP &SW))



60	2009	2012	2015	2018	2021
SA - Physical health and wellbeing	75.2	75.2	76	77.8	77.7
SA - Social competence	73.7	73.6	72.8	72.7	73.2
SA - Emotional maturity	74.4	75.3	72.9	73.1	74.0
SA - Language and cognitive skills (school based)	83.0	82.8	83.6	82.7	81.6
SA - Communication skills and general knowledge	75.4	73.7	77.0	77.8	77.8
EP & SW - Physical health and wellbeing	70.1	72.7	76.1	69.9	73.3
EP & SW - Social competence	64.9	72.1	68.9	67.3	71.4
EP & SW - Emotional maturity	66.3	73.9	68.7	72.6	76.4
EP & SW - Language and cognitive skills (school based)	74.2	84.1	80.4	78.8	74.1
EP & SW - Communication skills and general knowledge	72.3	76.2	75.8	71.9	72.8

Source: SA2 AEDC Public Table

% children developmentally vulnerable in physical health and wellbeing

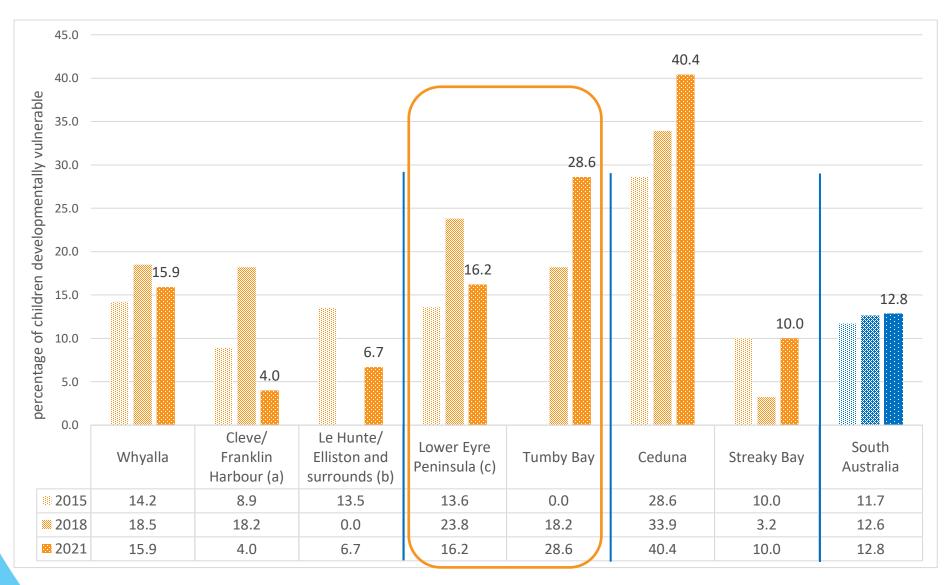


Source: <u>AEDC Community Profiles 2021</u>

(a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results

(b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results

Physical health and wellbeing sub-domain: readiness for school



Source: AEDC Community Profiles 2021

(a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results

(b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results

Community	No children 2021*
Whyalla	42
Cleve/ Franklin Harbour (a)	2
Le Hunte/ Elliston and surrounds (b)	2
Lower Eyre Peninsula (c)	38
Tumby Bay	8
Ceduna	19
Streaky Bay	3

A closer look at physical health and wellbeing in Southern Eyre



Physical health and wellbeing domain results

This domain measures children's physical readiness for the school day, physical independence, and gross and fine motor skills.

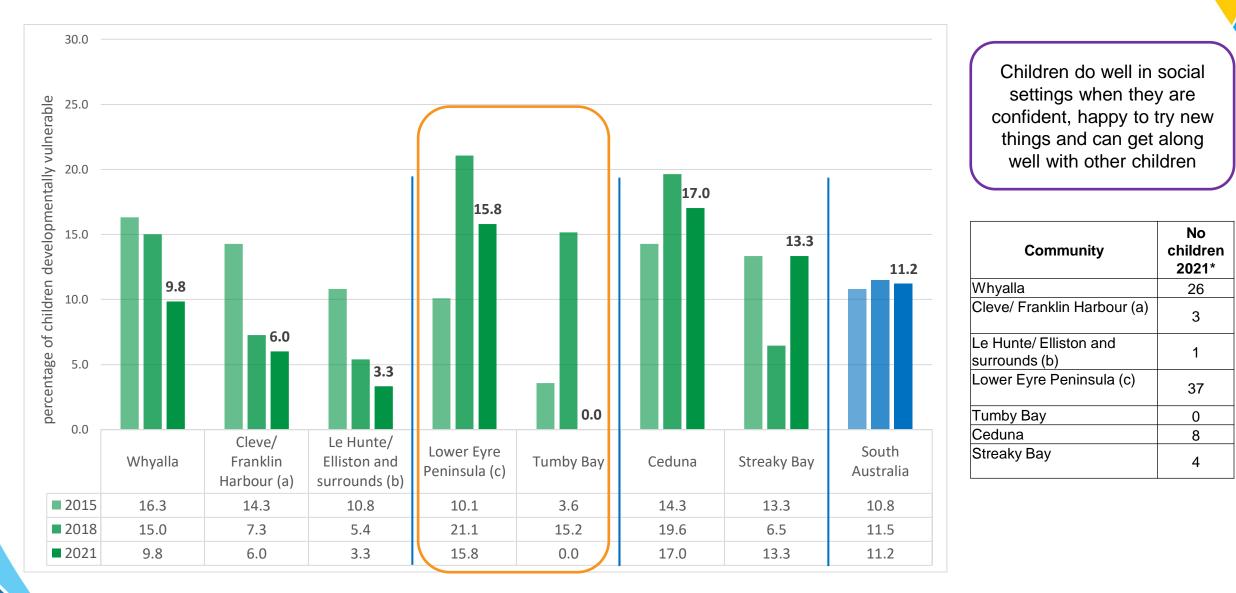
Region (including local communities)		De	velopmenta	lly on tra	ack			Developmentally at risk							Developmentally vulnerable					
	2015 2018		2021		201	2015		2018		2021		2015		8	2021					
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%		
Australia	221,855	77.3	229,542	78.1	226,006	78.5	37,347	13.0	36,105	12.3	33,677	11.7	27,711	9.7	28,247	9.6	28,341	9.8		
SA	14,081	76.0	14,924	77.8	14,725	77.7	2,456	13.3	2,188	11.4	2,200	11.6	1,993	10.8	2,072	10.8	2,023	10.7		
Lower Eyre Peninsula	144	72.7	135	60.5	158	67.5	30	15.2	43	19.3	44	18.8	24	12.1	45	20.2	32	13.7		
Cummins/Coffin Bay/Wangary/Wanilla	30	85.7	27	84.4	15	68.2	1	2.9	2	6.3	6	27.3	4	11.4	3	9.4	1	4.5		
Kirton Point/Lincoln Gardens	41	67.2	16	37.2	34	70.8	13	21.3	13	30.2	5	10.4	7	11.5	14	32.6	9	18.8		
Outer Port Lincoln	19	79.2	21	61.8	23	69.7	2	8.3	7	20.6	6	18.2	3	12.5	6	17.6	4	12.1		
Port Lincoln Central/Marina	38	70.4	60	65.2	67	67.0	11	20.4	13	14.1	20	20.0	5	9.3	19	20.7	13	13.0		
Port Lincoln North/Boston	16	66.7	11	50.0	19	61.3	3	12.5	8	36.4	7	22.6	5	20.8	3	13.6	5	16.1		
Tumby Bay	27	96.4	24	72.7	26	92.9	1	3.6	5	15.2	2	7.1	0	0.0	4	12.1	0	0.0		
Tumby Bay and surrounds	27	96.4	24	72.7	26	92.9	1	3.6	5	15.2	2	7.1	0	0.0	4	12.1	0	0.0		

Source: <u>AEDC Community Profiles 2021</u>

(a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results

(b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results

% children developmentally vulnerable in social competence



Source: <u>AEDC Community Profiles 2021</u>

(a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results

(b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results

A closer look at **social competence** in Southern Eyre

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Social competence domain results

This domain measures children's overall social competence, responsibility and respect, approaches to learning, and readiness to explore new things.

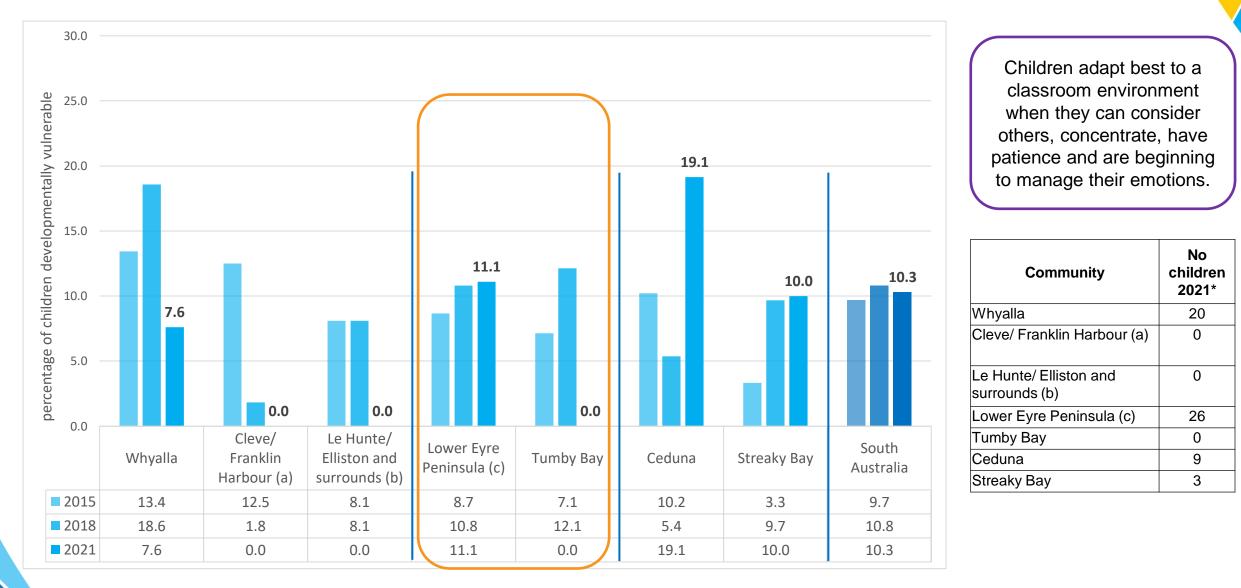
Region (including local communities)		De	velopmenta	lly on tra	ack			De	evelopment	tally at ris	sk	Developmentally vulnerable						
	2015 2018		202	2021		5	201	8	2021		2015		2018		2021			
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Australia	215,605	75.2	222,771	75.8	218,679	75.9	42,892	15.0	42,434	14.4	41,528	14.4	28,351	9.9	28,673	9.8	27,788	9.6
SA	13,490	72.8	13,947	72.7	13,870	73.2	3,034	16.4	3,034	15.8	2,952	15.6	2,004	10.8	2,200	11.5	2,125	11.2
Lower Eyre Peninsula	148	74.7	139	62.3	158	67.5	30	15.2	37	16.6	39	16.7	20	10.1	47	21.1	37	15.8
Cummins/Coffin Bay/Wangary/Wanilla	20	57.1	20	62.5	17	77.3	9	25.7	5	15.6	0	0.0	6	17.1	7	21.9	5	22.7
Kirton Point/Lincoln Gardens	47	77.0	22	51.2	28	58.3	9	14.8	11	25.6	8	16.7	5	8.2	10	23.3	12	25.0
Outer Port Lincoln	19	79.2	22	64.7	25	75.8	0	0.0	6	17.6	5	15.2	5	20.8	6	17.6	3	9.1
Port Lincoln Central/Marina	42	77.8	60	65.2	68	68.0	9	16.7	14	15.2	20	20.0	3	5.6	18	19.6	12	12.0
Port Lincoln North/Boston	20	83.3	15	68.2	20	64.5	3	12.5	1	4.5	6	19.4	1	4.2	6	27.3	5	16.1
Tumby Bay	22	78.6	25	75.8	23	82.1	5	17.9	3	9.1	5	17.9	1	3.6	5	15.2	0	0.0
Tumby Bay and surrounds	22	78.6	25	75.8	23	82.1	5	17.9	3	9.1	5	17.9	1	3.6	5	15.2	0	0.0

Source: <u>AEDC Community Profiles 2021</u>

(a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results

(b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results

% children developmentally vulnerable in emotional maturity



Source: <u>AEDC Community Profiles 2021</u>

(a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results

(b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results

A closer look at emotional maturity in Southern Eyre



Emotional maturity domain results

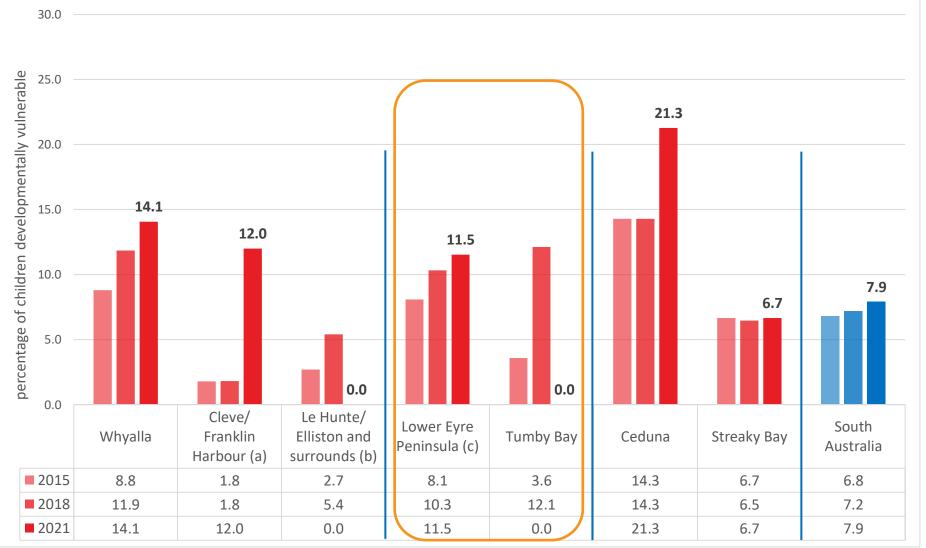
This domain measures children's pro-social and helping behaviour, anxious and fearful behaviour, aggressive behaviour and hyperactivity and inattention.

Region (including local communities)		De	velopmenta	lly on tra	ack		Developmentally at risk							Developmentally vulnerable					
	2015 2018		8	2021		201	2015		2018		2021		5	2018		2021			
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	
Australia	218,341	76.4	225,739	77.1	221,057	77.0	43,594	15.3	42,390	14.5	41,667	14.5	23,866	8.4	24,677	8.4	24,271	8.5	
SA	13,461	72.9	13,966	73.1	13,981	74.0	3,218	17.4	3,084	16.1	2,954	15.6	1,793	9.7	2,064	10.8	1,950	10.3	
Lower Eyre Peninsula	137	69.9	156	70.3	182	77.8	42	21.4	42	18.9	26	11.1	17	8.7	24	10.8	26	11.1	
Cummins/Coffin Bay/Wangary/Wanilla	24	68.6	23	71.9	20	90.9	8	22.9	5	15.6	1	4.5	3	8.6	4	12.5	1	4.5	
Kirton Point/Lincoln Gardens	42	68.9	28	66.7	32	66.7	12	19.7	11	26.2	5	10.4	7	11.5	3	7.1	11	22.9	
Outer Port Lincoln	14	58.3	23	67.6	28	84.8	8	33.3	6	17.6	4	12.1	2	8.3	5	14.7	1	3.0	
Port Lincoln Central/Marina	39	72.2	66	71.7	78	78.0	12	22.2	18	19.6	13	13.0	3	5.6	8	8.7	9	9.0	
Port Lincoln North/Boston	18	81.8	16	72.7	24	77.4	2	9.1	2	9.1	3	9.7	2	9.1	4	18.2	4	12.9	
Tumby Bay	20	71.4	24	72.7	24	85.7	6	21.4	5	15.2	4	14.3	2	7.1	4	12.1	0	0.0	
Tumby Bay and surrounds	20	71.4	24	72.7	24	85.7	6	21.4	5	15.2	4	14.3	2	7.1	4	12.1	0	0.0	

Source: <u>AEDC Community Profiles 2021</u> (a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results

(b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results

% children developmentally vulnerable in language and cognitive skills (school – based)



Children love to learn. Reading, counting and recognising numbers and shapes, are important for school and life

Community	No children 2021*
Whyalla	37
Cleve/ Franklin Harbour (a)	6
Le Hunte/ Elliston and surrounds (b)	0
Lower Eyre Peninsula (c)	27
Tumby Bay	0
Ceduna	10
Streaky Bay	2

Source: <u>AEDC Community Profiles 2021</u>

- (a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results
- (b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results
- (c) Lower Eyre Peninsula: includes Port Lincoln results

A closer look at language and cognitive skills (school-based) in Southern Eyre



Language and cognitive skills (school-based) domain results

This domain measures children's basic literacy, advanced literacy, basic numeracy, and interest in literacy, numeracy and memory.

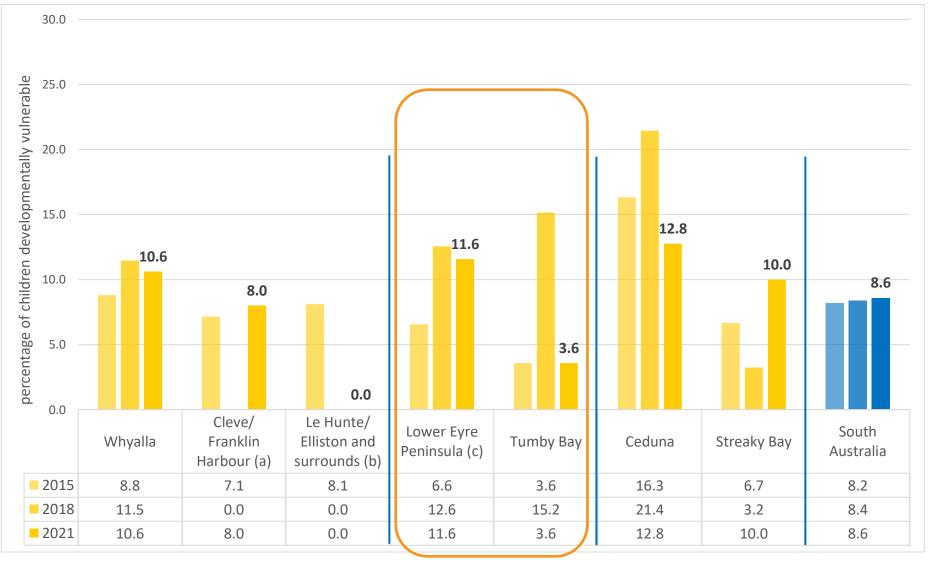
Region (including local communities)	Developmentally on track							Developmentally at risk							Developmentally vulnerable						
	201	5 2018		2021		2015		2018		2021		2015		2018		2021					
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%			
Australia	242,518	84.6	247,870	84.4	237,499	82.6	25,597	8.9	26,291	9.0	29,091	10.1	18,533	6.5	19,417	6.6	21,107	7.3			
SA	15,433	83.6	15,805	82.7	15,407	81.6	1,770	9.6	1,928	10.1	1,989	10.5	1,263	6.8	1,375	7.2	1,494	7.9			
Lower Eyre Peninsula	157	79.3	179	80.3	164	70.1	25	12.6	21	9.4	43	18.4	16	8.1	23	10.3	27	11.5			
Cummins/Coffin Bay/Wangary/Wanilla	24	68.6	24	75.0	18	81.8	4	11.4	4	12.5	3	13.6	7	20.0	4	12.5	1	4.5			
Kirton Point/Lincoln Gardens	48	78.7	28	65.1	28	58.3	11	18.0	4	9.3	9	18.8	2	3.3	11	25.6	11	22.9			
Outer Port Lincoln	20	83.3	32	94.1	25	75.8	1	4.2	1	2.9	6	18.2	3	12.5	1	2.9	2	6.1			
Port Lincoln Central/Marina	45	83.3	78	84.8	71	71.0	6	11.1	8	8.7	17	17.0	3	5.6	6	6.5	12	12.0			
Port Lincoln North/Boston	20	83.3	17	77.3	22	71.0	3	12.5	4	18.2	8	25.8	1	4.2	1	4.5	1	3.2			
Turnela Dava	05	00.0	07	04.0	00	400.0	0	7.4	0	0.4	0	0.0		0.0		40.4	0	0.0			
Tumby Bay	25	89.3	27	81.8	28	100.0	2	7.1	2	6.1	0	0.0	1	3.6	4	12.1	0	0.0			
Tumby Bay and surrounds	25	89.3	27	81.8	28	100.0	2	7.1	2	6.1	0	0.0	1	3.6	4	12.1	0	0.0			

Source: <u>AEDC Community Profiles 2021</u>

(a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results

(b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results

% children developmentally vulnerable in communication skills and general knowledge



Children love to talk about their world with other children and adults.

Community	No children 2021*
Whyalla	28
Cleve/ Franklin Harbour (a)	4
Le Hunte/ Elliston and surrounds (b)	0
Lower Eyre Peninsula (c)	27
Tumby Bay	1
Ceduna	6
Streaky Bay	3

Source: <u>AEDC Community Profiles 2021</u>

(a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results

(b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results

A closer look at communication skills and general knowledge in Southern Eyre



Communication skills and general knowledge domain results

This domain measures children's communication skills and general knowledge based on broad developmental competencies and skills measured in the school context.

Region (including local communities)	Developmentally on track							D	evelopment	ally at ris	sk	Developmentally vulnerable						
	201	5	2018	2018 2021		1 2015		5	2018		2021		2015		2018		2021	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Australia	219,023	76.3	227,163	77.3	222,056	77.1	43,415	15.1	42,473	14.5	41,882	14.5	24,475	8.5	24,232	8.2	24,064	8.4
SA	14,265	77.0	14,919	77.8	14,744	77.8	2,744	14.8	2,642	13.8	2,576	13.6	1,518	8.2	1,620	8.4	1,622	8.6
Lower Eyre Peninsula	150	75.8	134	60.1	162	69.5	35	17.7	61	27.4	44	18.9	13	6.6	28	12.6	27	11.6
Cummins/Coffin Bay/Wangary/Wanilla	27	77.1	24	75.0	13	59.1	6	17.1	3	9.4	7	31.8	2	5.7	5	15.6	2	9.1
Kirton Point/Lincoln Gardens	42	68.9	19	44.2	31	64.6	15	24.6	16	37.2	8	16.7	4	6.6	8	18.6	9	18.8
Outer Port Lincoln	20	83.3	26	76.5	22	66.7	2	8.3	6	17.6	9	27.3	2	8.3	2	5.9	2	6.1
Port Lincoln Central/Marina	42	77.8	54	58.7	76	76.0	8	14.8	28	30.4	13	13.0	4	7.4	10	10.9	11	11.0
Port Lincoln North/Boston	19	79.2	11	50.0	20	66.7	4	16.7	8	36.4	7	23.3	1	4.2	3	13.6	3	10.0
Tumbu Bou	26	02.0	25	75.0	25	90.2	4	3.6	2	0.1	2	7 1	1	26	F	15.0	1	3.6
Tumby Bay	26	92.9	25	75.8	25	89.3	1	3.0	3	9.1	2	7.1	1	3.6	5	15.2	1	3.0
Tumby Bay and surrounds	26	92.9	25	75.8	25	89.3	1	3.6	3	9.1	2	7.1	1	3.6	5	15.2	1	3.6

Source: <u>AEDC Community Profiles 2021</u>

(a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results

(b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results

AEDC data – early childhood programs

Disversion attendance	20	2015		2018		21
Playgroup attendance	n	%	n	%	n	%
Whyalla	26	38.8	73	81.1	22	45.8
Cleve/ Franklin Harbour (a)	21	53.8	13	50.0	14	48.3
Le Hunte/ Elliston and surrounds (b)	23	69.7	22	84.6	6	69.2
Lower Eyre Peninsula (c)	39	57.4	49	74.2	56	70.9
Tumby Bay	13	86.7	15	93.8	19	90.5
Ceduna	16	69.6	8	50.0	15	36.6
Streaky Bay	12	70.6	21	87.5	11	61.1

As a protective factor children and families benefit from participating in early years child-parent programs eg playgroup

These results indicate decreasing playgroup attendance across the region when comparing 2018 to 2021.

Note: Data to the best of teacher's knowledge

Source: <u>AEDC Community Profiles 2021</u>

- (a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results
- (b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results
- (c) Lower Eyre Peninsula: includes Port Lincoln results

AEDC data - transition to school

Child has parents who are actively engaged	2015		2018		2021	
with the school in supporting their child's learning	n	%	n	%	n	%
Whyalla	229	88.1	241	86.1	245	86.0
Cleve/ Franklin Harbour (a)	51	89.5	58	98.3	52	96.3
Le Hunte/ Elliston and surrounds (b)	36	97.3	37	97.4	28	93.3
Lower Eyre Peninsula (c)	189	90.9	224	91.4	245	95.3
Tumby Bay	28	96.0	32	91.4	27	96.4
Ceduna	47	87.0	47	79.7	41	77.4
Streaky Bay	27	90.0	32	100.0	30	100.0

Children benefit from having parents who:

- are actively engaged with their child's school
- regularly read to children

Child is regularly read to/ encouraged in	2015		2018		2021	
his/her reading at home	n	%	n	%	n	%
Whyalla	212	81.5	224	80.0	227	79.6
Cleve/ Franklin Harbour (a)	51	89.5	58	98.3	52	96.3
Le Hunte/ Elliston and surrounds (b)	35	94.6	35	92 1	26	86 7
Lower Eyre Peninsula (c)	183	88.0	212	86.5	209	81.3
Tumby Bay	26	89.7	29	82.9	27	96.4
Ceduna	40	74.1	37	62.7	32	60.4
Streaky Bay	27	90.0	29	90.6	27	90.0

Source: <u>AEDC Community Profiles 2021</u> (a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results

(b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results

(c) Lower Eyre Peninsula: includes Port Lincoln results

AEDC data – children's support

Support - children with special needs	2015		2018		2021	
status	n	%	n	%	n	%
Whyalla	21	8	26	9.3	23	8.0
Cleve/ Franklin Harbour (a)	≤3	≤5.3	4	6.8	4	7.4
Le Hunte/ Elliston and surrounds (b)	0	0	≤3	≤7.9	0	0.0
Lower Eyre Peninsula (c)	10	5	22	8.7	22	8.6
Tumby Bay	≤3	≤10.0	≤3	≤8.6	0	0.0
Ceduna	5	9	≤3	≤5.1	6	11.3
Streaky Bay	0	0	≤3	≤9.4	0	0.0

This information can help you understand the support needs of children in your sites and communities.

An increase in the proportion of children teachers report as requiring further assessment could indicate increased complexity in child needs, concerns with referral networks or educators being better equipped to identify and refer children for further assessment

Support - children identified by teachers as	2015		2018		2021	
requiring further assessment	n	%	n	%	n	%
Whyalla	54	21	65	24.3	49	18.8
Cleve/ Franklin Harbour (a)	9	16	10	16.9	11	20.4
Le Hunte/ Elliston and surrounds (b)	<3	<8 1	8	21.6	<3	<10.0
Lower Eyre Peninsula (c)	29	14	33	14.4	45	18.9
Tumby Bay	6	22	6	19.4	4	14.3
Ceduna	12	22	6	10.3	10	19.2
Streaky Bay	0	0	≤3	≤9.4	6	20.7

Source: <u>AEDC Community Profiles 2021</u>

(a) Cleve/Franklin Harbour: includes Kimba results

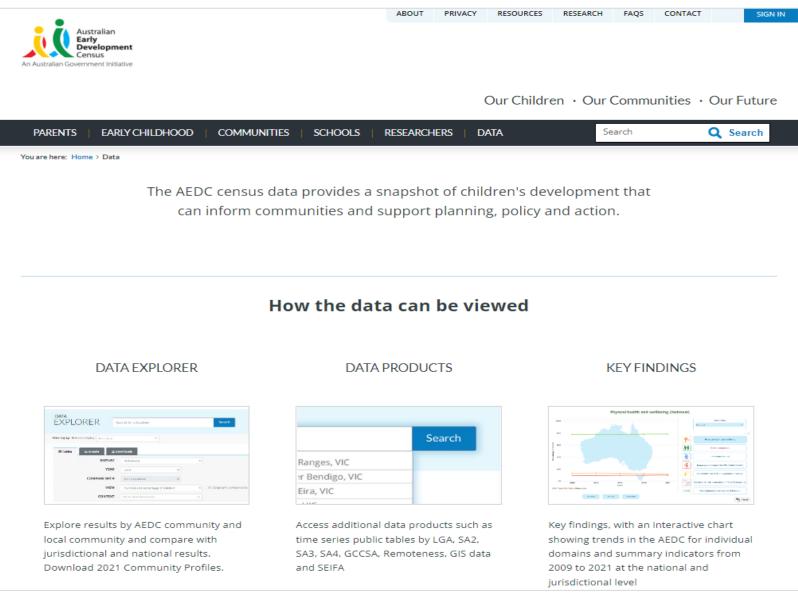
(b) Le Hunte/Elliston and surrounds: includes Wudinna results

(c) Lower Eyre Peninsula: includes Port Lincoln results

Summary

Community	What is working well?	What could be improved?
Lower Eyre Peninsula	Since 2018, there has been decreased developmental vulnerability in physical health and wellbeing and social competence.	Increased developmental vulnerability (not statistically significant) and at risk, and less children on track (statistically significant change) in language and cognitive skills (school based) .
	Since 2018, there has been increased children on track in emotional maturity (with Cummins/Coffin Bay/Wangary/Wanilla experiencing over 90% of children on track), physical health and wellbeing, social competence and communication skills and general knowledge. Parent engagement with schools is good.	Less children developmentally vulnerable and more children on track on communication skills and general knowledge from 2018 to 2021; however, developmental vulnerability has been increasing since 2009. Keep on eye on the results in 2024 to see whether results continue to improve. Increased need for further assessment – or is this a strength? How can we increase playgroup attendance and reading at
		home? <i>Kirton Point/Lincoln Gardens</i> had highest levels of developmental
		vulnerability when compared to other areas of the community.
Tumby Bay	Experienced a range of improvements, with more children on track and less developmentally vulnerable from 2018 to 2021 across all domains.	Keep an eye on the at risk group for social competence and emotional maturity .
	Good engagement with schools, playgroups and reported rates of reading at home are also a strength.	While playgroup attendance is good – could this be better? How do we engage that final 10% of the population?

How to find the data for your community?



https://www.aedc.gov.au/data-explorer/

Navigating the AEDC data

Part 4 Connecting with community

AEDC community story - Mid Murray Family Connections



Why communities use the AEDC

Provides a common language around children's development and wellbeing

- Supports people to come together to work toward a common goal

Provides reliable data to support groups to reflect on the context of children and families and plan their services and supports

- Informs an approach to localised needs assessment: consider the scale and intensity of support needs and how these differ across communities
- Reflect on the experience of families in accessing the system of supports available
- Reflect on the strengths and protective factors that already exist in communities
- Develop collaborative and place-based approaches to improving outcomes for children and families

Complementary data

AEDC is just one dataset

Combine AEDC data with other datasets to create a richer understanding of the community (strengths and challenges) to inform your work, including:

- Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), including QuickStats
- Social Health Atlases of Australia (PHIDU)
- Community profiles and population forecasts (.id)
- South Australian Government Data Directory (Data.SA)
- Location SA Map Viewer

Also ask yourself:

- What data do you already have access to?
- What community engagement data is available for your area?
- What anecdotal information is available?
- What information may local partners be able to provide to help in creating the community context picture?

AEDC Data explorer provides ABS data such as: completed year 12, recent address change, SEIFA, Young single parents and unemployment.

Local partners and next steps

- Partners provide better understanding of the community context
- Involving partners early is important. Consider involving:
 - community members
 - local businesses
 - state government
 - local government partners
 - early childhood service providers (including private sector)
 - cultural authorities
 - NGOs.
- Consider how you will work with partners to develop a planned approach and areas of focus for your community. For example, a collective impact framework, which involves five key conditions:
 - a common agenda; continuous communication; mutually reinforcing activities; backbone support; and shared measurement.



Resources for parents & community members

- <u>Early Years SA app</u>, provides trusted information complementing the blue book
- <u>My Local Services</u>, a free app that delivers localised council information to residents of South Australia
- <u>Raising Children Network</u>, has expert parenting information from pregnancy onwards.
- <u>Open your world</u> provides South Australians and their families with valuable resources, tools and information to support improving wellbeing by staying healthy, active and connected.
- <u>Parenting SA</u> has practical guides and short videos about raising children.



Resources for parents and community members (continued)

- <u>Learning Potential</u> has tips and ideas about helping your child's learning.
- <u>Starting Blocks</u> provides parents with information about early childhood education and care.
- Great Start provides everyday ideas for learning.
- Our Learning SA has resources to help families and children to continue learning between school and home.
- <u>The free Bright Tomorrows app</u> has 1000s of ideas to help build a child's brain.
- <u>The Let's Read</u> website has tips and tools to promote reading with young children.
- <u>Visit the National Disability Insurance Scheme website</u> for information about accessing support if you have concerns about your child's development.



Resources for community stakeholders

- 2021 AEDC National Report
- AEDC Choosing effective interventions fact sheet
- AEDC Early Childhood Sector User Guide (aedc.gov.au)
- <u>AEDC Community stories (aedc.gov.au)</u>
- <u>AEDC research findings / research snapshots</u>
- AEDC Data explorer
- AEDC Resources for Communities (aedc.gov.au)
- AEDC FAQ's
- <u>Centre for Community Child Health : Platforms (rch.org.au)</u>
- The Australian Physical Literacy Framework (pescholar.com)

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Note: national results drawn from the 2021 AEDC National report and SA data sourced from the SA 2021 AEDC Pivot Table Quote from Inclusive SA (State Disability Inclusion plan 2019-2023)