# Interoception & Communication





Pazios, A. (2020) Interoception & Communication, Department for Education, South Australia.



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#### **Foreword**

This booklet has been developed as a supporting resource for *Ready to Learn Kit, Interoception: 301* and *Interoception, Parent and Caregiver Booklet,* Department for Education, South Australia.

This booklet supports the implementation of interoception activities with children who are non-verbal, have limited functional communication or respond best with visual instructions.

This is a guide to how you can complete activities with your child throughout your day. It outlines ways in which you can incorporate children's individual communication needs and the interoception language into activities you are already doing.

By encouraging our children to communicate and to connect to themselves during everyday activities, we help our children to identify their body signals, recognise when their body signals change, communicate what they are feeling and act or respond in a socially acceptable way to these body signals.

We hope you find this booklet useful to help your children deal with big emotions.



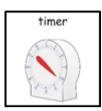


## **Finger Stretch**

Sitting down, rest your hands in your lap, stretch your fingers as wide apart as you can and hold them for 30 seconds.









Now rest them back again.

#### Where did you feel it when your hands were stretched?













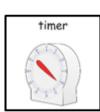




We are going to repeat the activity again, but this time we are going to focus on the webbing between our finger and thumb.









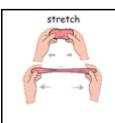
Rest them back again

#### Did you feel it between your finger and thumb?

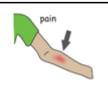




#### What did you feel?















## **Toe Touch**

In a seated position on the floor, sit up straight and stretch your legs out. Reach your arms out straight and try to touch your toes. Hold this for 30 seconds.

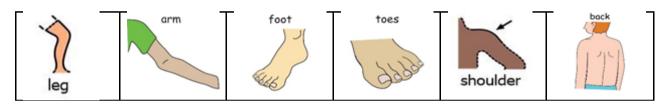








#### Where did you feel it?

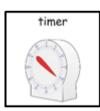


We are going to repeat this activity again, but this time we are going to focus on the muscles at the back of our legs (our hamstrings)

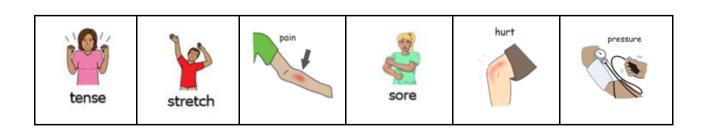








#### What did you feel?







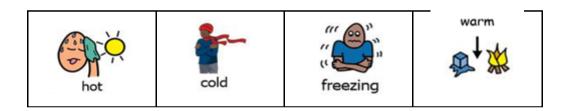
## **Paperclip**

Place some paperclips in the freezer prior to this activity.

Give your child a paperclip from the box.

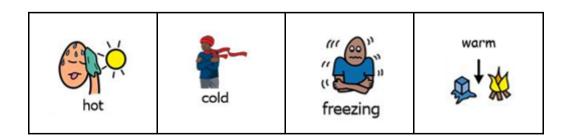


#### What do you feel?



We are going to repeat the activity again, but this time you are going to give your child a paperclip from the freezer.

#### What do you feel?







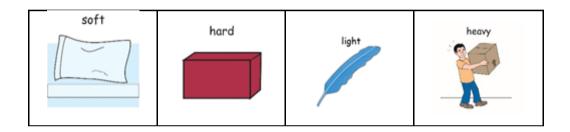
## Firm versus Light Touch

Sitting down, rest your hands on your lap. Rest 2 fingers on the top of your leg.



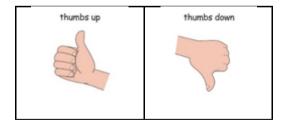


#### What do you feel?

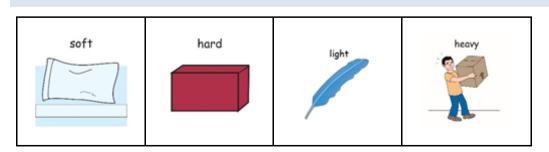


We are going to repeat the activity again, but this time we are going to push our 2 fingers into our leg.

#### Are the feelings in your leg/fingers different?



#### What do you feel now?







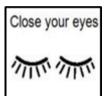
## Interoception

Incidental learning

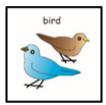
## Music/Sounds

Notice the sounds in the environment around you. Bring your child's attention to something you can hear, following the example below:

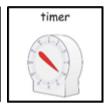
Close your eyes and listen to the sounds of the birds, listen for 30 seconds.











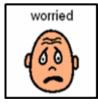
Can you hear the birds?





What can you feel inside your body?



















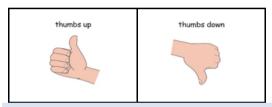


## **Baking**

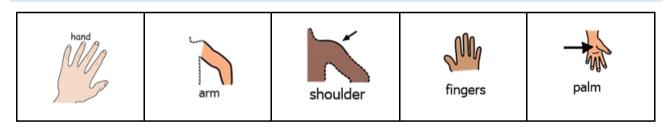
Bake a cake together. While your child is stirring the ingredients in the bowl, ask them to use their muscles and stir hard 5 times.



#### Did you feel it?



Where did you feel it in your body?

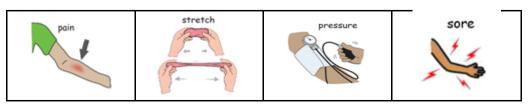


We are going to stir the ingredients again, but this time we are going to focus on what we notice about our arm muscles. Ask your child to use their muscles and stir hard 5 times.

#### Did you notice it in your arm muscles?



#### What did you feel in your arm muscles?







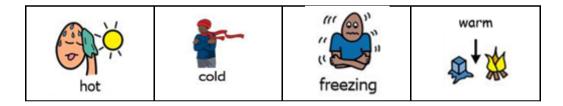
## **Temperature**

These activities can be done on days when the outside temperature is different from the inside temperature.



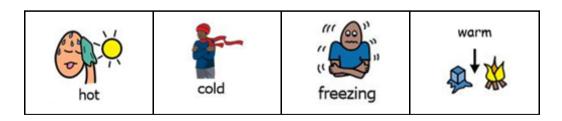
On a cold day, stand still inside your house. Put your hands on your arms.

#### How does it feel?



Now go outside into the air. Close your eyes, stand still and notice the air on your skin. Is it hot, cold, warm or cool? Now put your hands on your arms and feel your skin.

#### What do you feel?



#### What does this tell you about what you should wear?













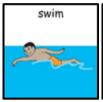




## **Swimming**

This activity can be done when you are swimming

Ask your child to practise their swimming for 30 seconds.

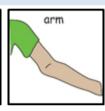




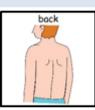
#### Where can you feel it when you swim?











We are going to repeat the activity again, but this time tell your child to focus on feeling it in their hands.



#### Did you feel it in your hands?









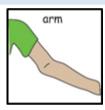
## Throwing a Frisbee

Ask your child to play Frisbee with you. Throw and catch the frisbee for 30 seconds.





#### Where did you feel it when you were catching the frisbee?











We are going to repeat the activity again, but this time tell your child to focus on what they feel in their hand.



#### Did you feel it in your hand?

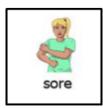




#### What did you feel?















#### References

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## Appendix A - Interoception Activity

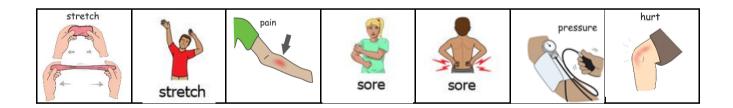


#### Where can you feel it?

Now focus on feeling it...



#### What did you notice?



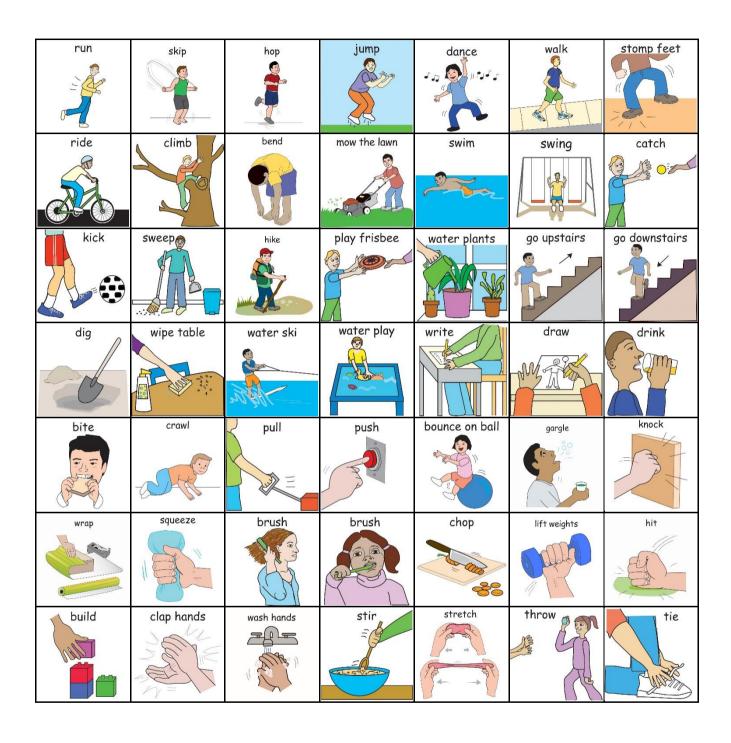


Ì	ppendix B – Interoception Activity   Set up card											
Where can you feel it?												
	What did you notice?											





## Appendix C - Interoception Opportunities | Communication Pictures







## Appendix D – Interoception | Communication Pictures

timer	wait	foot on floor	still	sit	hands on lap	lap
twirl	move	relax muscles	tense	flap hands	listen	listen
open	close	thumbs down	thumbs up	okay	good	loose
heavy	loud	soft	light	Close your eyes	wiggle	wiggle fingers
twist	hot	warm	sunny Market	feel	hard	
t-shirt	shorts	track pants	jumper	baseball cap	woolly cap	
excited	anxious	sad	happy	tired	angry	bored
excited	worried	sad	happy	tired	angry	frustrated





#### Appendix E - Interoception Activities | Communication Pictures

